Jordan International Oil Shale Symposium 2012

Economic And Environmentally Responsible Oil Shale Development

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NATURAL RESOURCES AUTHORITY

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Dear Guests.

The Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan represented by the Natural Resources Authority (NRA) along with Colorado School of Mines and the Oil Shale Companies investing in Jordan, are pleased to announce the opening of the 1st International Jordan Oil Shale Symposium, today the 7th May 2012 at the Dead Sea, Jordan.

The NRA for and on behalf of the symposium co-organisers encourage you to learn more about Jordan and use this opportunity to interact with the various professionals in the field. The symposium will lay the seeds, establish a ground for discussing and exploring technologies in the oil shale industry and get the benefit of experience of countries in the commercialization of Oil Shale as fuel and for other investment opportunities.

We extend our warm welcome to the distinguished guests and hope you have a fruitful meeting at the Symposium and also enjoy the hospitalities of the "Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan".

Best Regards,

Director General

M. Al2 Dr. Mousa Alzyoud

Main Symposium Day 1 Monday, 7 May 2012

Lunch & networking

13.15

08.30	Registration & morning refreshments
09.30	National anthem and reading from the Quran
09.40 09.45	Opening remarks from the conference chairman H.E. Dr. Hisham Khatib, Honorary Vice Chairman, World Energy Council, Ex-Minister of Energy, Water and Planning, Government of Jordan Official Opening of the JIOSS 2012: welcome speech HE. Dr. Mousa Ali Alzyoud, Director General, Natural Resources Authority, Jordan
09.55	Speech of guest of honor
10.00	Opening Keynote:
	Future Energy Outlook - Oil Shale In The Energy Mix: State Of Play, Expectations And Constraints Christoph Frei, Secretary General, World Energy Council, UK
10.30	PANEL DISCUSSION: Exploring The Viability And Future Role Of Oil Shale Moderator:
	Jim Schmidt, Principle, PROCOM Consultants P/L, USA
	Discussion Leaders Include:
	Khosrow Biglarbigi, President, INTEK Inc., USA
	Ziad Jebril Sabra, Director Of Alternative Energy And Energy Efficiency Department, Ministry Of Energy And Mineral Resources, Jordan
	Hazim M. Al-Ramini , Acting Director of Petroleum & Oil Shale Directorate and Head of Policies & Contracts Division, Natural Resources Authority , Jordan
11.10	Morning networking break & refreshments
11.45	Facilitating Competitive Oil Shale Utilisation Around The World: Successful Legal And Regulatory Framework Chris Nurse, Managing Director, Hart Group, UK
12.10	PANEL DISCUSSION: Enabling Oil Shale: Schedule For Commercialisation
	Moderator:
	Jeremy Boak, Director, Centre for Oil Shale Technology and Research, Colorado School Of Mines, USA Discussion Leaders Include:
	Chris Nurse, Managing Director, Hart Group, UK
	Jamal Alali, General Manager, Aqaba Petroleum for Oil Shale Co, Jordan
	Senior Representative, Ministry Of Planning, Jordan (invited)
	Thomas Meijssen, General Manager, Jordan Oil Shale Company B.V. (JOSCO), Country Chair for Shell, Jordan
	Martin Amison, Partner, Trowers & Hamlins LLP, UK
	Harri Mikk, Member Of The Management Board, Enefit, Estonia
13.00	Advance Drilling Technologies For Oil Shale Exploration And Exploitation Reiner Homrighausen, Chairman, Site Group for Services & Well Drilling, Jordan



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	TRACK A	TRACK B
14.15	Opening Remarks Track Chairman: Ruslan Salikhov Deputy Chief Engineer Designer, OJSC ATOMENERGOPROEKT, Russia	Opening Remarks Track Chairman: Harri Mikk, Member Of The Management Board, Enefit, Estonia
	1. Resource Assessment	2. Oil Shale Resources And Opportunities
14.20	Well Logging Methods for Oil Shale Assessment Jeremy Boak, Director, Centre for Oil Shale T & R, Colorado School Of Mines, USA	Potential Oil Shale Deposit in Wadi An-Nadiya-Jordan Jamal M Alali, General Manager, Aqaba Petroleum for Oil Shale Co, Jordan
14.40	Characterisation of Jordan's In Situ Oil Shale Resource	Lithological Nature of the Maastrichtian Oil Shale in Central Jordan
	Richard Terres, Development Manager, JOSCo, Jordan	Väino Puura, Professor, University of Tartu, Estonia
15.00	Containment Testing and Hydrology Evaluation for	Opportunities and Challenges for the
	Shell's ICP Oil Shale Projects	Commercialisation of Oil Shale in the United States
	Erik Hansen, Senior Hydrogeologist, Shell	Delivered by Thomas A. Sladek, Director, Ockham
	International Exploration & Production Inc, USA	Energy Services, USA on behalf of
		Glenn Vawter, Executive Director, National Oil Shale Association, UAE
15.20	Afternoon networking break	A SURFICIO PROPERTINA DE LA COMPUNIO DEL COMPUNIO DE LA COMPUNIO DEL COMPUNIO DE LA COMPUNIO DEL COMPUNIO DELICA DEL
15.40	Effect Of Oil Shale Composition On Its Calorific Value	Oil-Shale Power Generation Developments In Estonia
	And Oil Yield	Raine Pajo, Member Of The Management Board, Enefit
	Jamal O. Jaber, Associate Professor, Dept. of	AS, Estonia
	Mechanical Engineering, Al-Balqa' Applied University, Jordan	
	3. Environment	4. Strategies and policies
16.00	Dry Disposal Of Jordanian Oil Shale Ash As A	ExxonMobil's In Situ Oil Shale Technology: A Progress
	Reasonable Option To Prevent Impacts To	Report
	Groundwater: Experiments And Modelling	Michael W. Lin, Senior Research Engineer,
	Erik Puura, Director, Institute of Technology,	Unconventional Resources-Oil Shale, ExxonMobil
	University of Tartu, Estonia	Upstream Research Company, USA
16.20	Evaluation Of Energy And Water Requirements And CO2 Production For Commercial In-Situ Conversion Process (ICP) Shale Oil Production In The Piceance	Assessment Of Plans And Progress On US BLM Oil Shale RD&D Leases In The United States Peter M. Crawford, Director, INTEK, Inc., USA
	Basin Of Western Colorado James Killen, Unconventional Fuels Program Manager, U.S. Department of Energy, USA (delivered by video)	(delivered by video)
16.40	CO2 Sequestration Within Spent Oil Shale From The Al-Lajjun Deposit, Jordan Helen Foster, PhD Student, University of Durham, UK	Can Oil Shale Development be so Hard? Jim Schmidt, Principle, PROCOM Consultants P/L, USA
17.00	The state of the s	15.03 Adultace Orbital Technologies For Oil Brate Lya

Technical poster gallery opening and networking session

Unveiling the exclusive poster presentations showcasing the latest oil shale solutions. Opportunity to view the posters, meet the authors and build new business contacts during this networking session.

Economic And Environmentally Responsible Oil Shale Development

Main Symposium Day 2, Workshop A & B Tuesday, 8 May 2012

12.10

International Community

Nicky Spooner, Partner, Citrus Partners LLC, UK Mark Mackintosh, Partner, Citrus Partners LLC, UK

8.30	Registration	& Morning	Refreshments
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Registration & Morning Refreshments				
TRACK A	TRACK B			
Chairman Opening Remarks: Chris Nurse, Managing Director, Hart Group, UK	Chairman Opening Remarks: John Gordon, Manager, Upgrading Dev, Ceramatec,			
5. Processing	6. Commercialisation			
A Comparison Of The Reactivity Of Different Jordanian Oil Shales Roy Jackson, Distinguished Professor, Sir John Monash University, Australia	The Potential For Establishing An Oil Shale Industry In Jordan Chris Morgan, Chief Executive Officer, Jordan Energy and Mining Ltd, Jordan			
Water Use And EROI Of Production Of Upgraded Shale Oil Products Using The Enefit280 Technology Indrek Aarna, Head of R&D, Enefit, Estonia	An Overview Of Enefit Oil And Power Projects In Jordan Andres Anijalg, Project Director, Enefit, Jordan			
Downstream Treatment Of Hydrocarbons Produced From Oil Shale Pyrolysis Pierre Allix, Unconventional Resources R&D, Program Manager, TOTAL SA, France				
The Alberta Taciuk Process (ATP) Technology For Jordan: Comprehensive Feasibility And Scale Up Factors Steven Odut, Senior Process Engineer, UMATAC Industrial Processes, Canada	Forming New Market Niches: Strategy For Improving The Competitiveness Of Oil Shale Products Ruslan Salikhov Deputy Chief Engineer Designer, OJSC ATOMENERGOPROEKT, Russia			
Closing Remarks From The Track Chairman: Chris Nurse, Managing Director, Hart Group, UK	Closing Remarks From The Track Chairman: John Gordon, Manager, Upgrading Dev, Ceramatec,			
Morning networking break & refreshments PANEL DISCUSSION: Oil Shale Economics, Investment of Moderator: Thomas A. Sladek, Director, Ockham Energy Services, La Discussion Leaders Include: Emad Dabbass, Ministry Of Finance, Jordan Chris Morgan, CEO, Jordan Energy and Mining, Jordan David Argyle, Chairman, Global Oil Shale Holdings, UK Andres Anijalg, Project Director, Jordan Oil Shale Energy	JSA			
	Chairman Opening Remarks: Chris Nurse, Managing Director, Hart Group, UK 5. Processing A Comparison Of The Reactivity Of Different Jordanian Oil Shales Roy Jackson, Distinguished Professor, Sir John Monash University, Australia Water Use And EROI Of Production Of Upgraded Shale Oil Products Using The Enefit280 Technology Indrek Aarna, Head of R&D, Enefit, Estonia Downstream Treatment Of Hydrocarbons Produced From Oil Shale Pyrolysis Pierre Allix, Unconventional Resources R&D, Program Manager, TOTAL SA, France The Alberta Taciuk Process (ATP) Technology For Jordan: Comprehensive Feasibility And Scale Up Factors Steven Odut, Senior Process Engineer, UMATAC Industrial Processes, Canada Closing Remarks From The Track Chairman: Chris Nurse, Managing Director, Hart Group, UK Morning networking break & refreshments PANEL DISCUSSION: Oil Shale Economics, Investment Moderator: Thomas A. Sladek, Director, Ockham Energy Services, U Discussion Leaders Include: Emad Dabbass, Ministry Of Finance, Jordan Chris Morgan, CEO, Jordan Energy and Mining, Jordan David Argyle, Chairman, Global Oil Shale Holdings, UK			

Successfully Managing Environmental & Social Issues In The Oil Shale Industry: Expectations Of The



Economic And Environmentally

12.50 PANEL DISCUSSION: Environmental And Social Dialogue: Aligning Stakeholders From The Off-Set Moderator:

Rikki Hrenko, CEO, Enefit American Oil, USA

Discussion Leaders Include:

Khosrow Biglarbigi, President, INTEK, Inc., USA

Tamim Suyyagh, Corporate Affairs Manager, Jordan Oil Shale Company B.V. (JOSCO), Jordan

Izzat Ahmad Salman Abu Humra, Director, Licensing and Guidance Directorate, Ministry of Environment, Jordan

Ali Sobah, Ministry of Water and Irrigation, Jordan

HH Ms. Al Shareefa Zain Bint Al Naser, Jordan

Nicky Spooner, Partner, Citrus Partners LLC, UK

13.50 Closing Remarks From The Conference Chairman:

HE. Hisham Khatib, Honorary Vice Chairman, World Energy Council, Ex-Minister of Energy, Water and Planning, Government of Jordan

Lunch & networking 13.50

14.50 Workshop registration

14.50

WORKSHOP A

Financial Institutions And Oil Shale Development Workshop Leader:

Khosrow Biglarbigi, President, INTEK, Inc., USA Participants:

David Argyle, Chairman, Global Oil Shale Holdings, UK Hazim Ramini, Head of Policies & Contracts Division and Petroleum & Oil Shale Directorate,

Natural Resources Authority, Jordan

Munther Akrough, Managing Director, Jordan Energy and Mining, Jordan

WORKSHOP B

Recent R & D Achievements In Oil Shale, Commercial **Petrochemicals And Chemicals Production** Workshop Leader:

Thomas A. Sladek, Director, PhD, Ockham Energy Services, USA

Participants:

Ruslan Salikhov Deputy Chief Engineer Designer,

ATOMENERGOPROEKT, Russia

Jeremy Boak, Director, Center for Oil Shale Technology and Research, Colorado School Of Mines, USA Nicky Spooner, Partner, Citrus Partners LLC, UK Sergei Sabanov, Consultant, SRK Consulting (UK) Ltd,

UK

Omar Al-Ayed, Associate Professor of Chemical Engineering & Oil Shale Department of Chemical Engineering Faculty of Engineering, Al-Balqa Applied

University, Jordan

Tõnis Meriste, Environmental Dev Manager, Eesti

Energia AS, Estonia

Rikki Hrenko, CEO, Enefit American Oil, USA

Jaan Habicht, Academic Mentor, University of Tartu,

Estonia

Tom Fowler, Oil Shale Commercial & Integration Lead, Shell International Exploration & Production, Inc,

USA

Afternoon refreshment and networking

Close of workshop B

16.15 Close of workshop A Afternoon refreshment and networking

17.30

Event Code :	A1205		
Event Name :	Jordan International Oil Shale Symposium (JIOSS)		
Abstract Code:	·		
Presentation:	Poster		
Title :	Professor		
First Name :	Miroslav		
Last Name :	Vrvic		
Job Title :	Head of the Research Group		
Company:	Faculty of Chemistry of the University of Belgrade		
Email :	mmvchem@sezampro.rs		
Phone :	+38163392841		
Country:	Country List		
Address 1 :	Studentski trg 16		
City:	Belgrade		
Zip PO Box:	11158/51		
Topic Area:	4) Processing		
Abstract of presentation rationale:	BENEFICIATION OIL SHALE BY BACTERIAL DEPYRITIZATION AS POSSIBLE GREEN TECHNOLOGY: BIOPROCESSING ON LABORATORY SCALE M.M. Vrvic1-2, J.S. Milic2, V.P. Beskoski2, V. Dragutinovic3, S. Spacic2, D. Vitorovic4 1Faculty of Chemistry, University Belgrade, 2Department of Chemistry IChTM, Belgrade, 3School of Medicine, University of Belgrade, 4SASA, Belgrade-Serbia Amount of reserves of oil shale in Serbia are up to about 6 billion tons (estimated), while the largest deposit (approx. 1/3 of total quantity) for open-pit and underground exploitation is situated in the locality of Aleksinac in East Serbia (not exploited at the moment). Shale from Aleksinac is an immature Oligocene-Miocene lacustrine sediment. The average content of the organic substance in Aleksinac shale is about 20 %, with a dominant share of kerogen (the content of bitumen is less than 5 %). The mineral part comprises about 20 % carbonates, approximately 10 % pyrite and the rest are aluminosilicates. In our lab researches relating to the "quality improvement" of raw shale from Aleksinac that have been made for near 30 years, for depyritization as "non-destructive reagents" we use strains of chemolithoautotrophic thionic bacteria Acidithiobacillus ferrooxidans. In a large number of experimental variations of the "shake flask test technique" the best results have been obtained for depyritization (more than 95%). Combining AFM surface imaging and leaching analysis following bacterial colonisation of oil shale layers demonstrates that an initial attachment to the surface is necessary for the leaching and that later on, once a sufficient concentration of Fe2+ ions in the solution is achieved, cells detach to become free cells, and leaching occurs primarily by the Fe3+, Benefits of the bacterial depyritization are primarily in order to reduce aero pollution and corrosivity, and also this green process must be low cost green bio/technology for biobeneficiation of oil shale.		
A short professional biography :	Born in 1952. Graduated Chemistry from the Faculty of Sciences/Chemistry (University of Belgrade, Serbia), in 1975, and received a Doctorate in Chemistry, in 1991, at the same Faculty. In 1977, he was appointed Assistant, Assistant Professor in 1992, Associate Professor in 1997, and Full Professor in 2003, all at the Faculty of Chemistry in Belgrade. Sphere of scientific-research work are biochemical and chemical activity of microorganisms on different substrates, which generated the greatest number of fundamental and applied results.		



BENEFICIATION OIL SHALE BY BACTERIAL DEPYRITIZATION AS POSSIBLE GREEN TECHNOLOGY: BIOPROCESSING ON LABORATORY SCALE



Miroslav M. VRVIĆ12, Jelena S. MILIĆ2, Vladimir P. BEŠKOSKI2, Vesna DRAGUTINOVIĆ3, Snežana SPASIĆ2, Dragomir VITOROVIĆ4

¹Faculty of Chemistry, University of Belgrade, ²Department of Chemistry IChTM, University of Belgrade, ³School of Medicine, University of Belgrade, ⁴Serbian Academy of Science, Belgrade, Serbia

E-mail: mmvchem@sezampro.rs

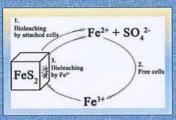
INTRODUCTION

Amount of reserves of oil shale in Serbia are up to about 6 billion tons (estimated), while the largest deposit (approx. 1/3 of total quantity) for openpit and underground exploitation is situated in the locality of Aleksinac in East Serbia (not exploited at the moment). Shale from Aleksinac is an immature Oligocene-Miocene lacustrine sediment. The average content of the organic substance in Aleksinac shale is about 20 %, with a dominant share of kerogen (the content of bitumen is less than 5 %). The mineral part comprises about 20 % carbonates, approximately 10 % pyrite and the rest aluminosilicates.

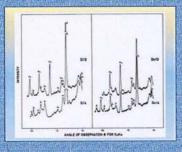
Europe Serbia Oil Shale Subotinac, Aleksinac Oil Shale

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

In our lab researches relating to the "quality improvement" of raw shale from Aleksinac that have been made for near 30 years, for depyritization as "non-destructive reagents" we use strains of chemolithoautotrophic thionic bacteria Acidithiobacillus ferrooxidans. In a large number of experimental variations of the "shake flask test technique" the best results have been obtained for depyritization (more than 95%). Combining AFM surface imaging and leaching analysis following bacterial colonisation of oil shale layers demonstrates that an initial attachment to the surface is necessary for the leaching and that later on, once a sufficient concentration of Fe²⁺ ions in the solution is achieved, cells detach to become free cells, and leaching occurs primarily by the Fe³⁺[1-6]

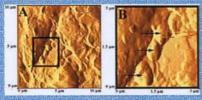


Systematic overview of pyrite bacterial leaching 1. In the first stage, cells attach to the surface and Fe2+ ions are leached into the solution. 2. In the second stage, the number of free cells increases due to the rise in Fe2+ levels in the solution. 3. In stage 3, bioleaching by Fe3+ ion as an oxidising agent predominates.



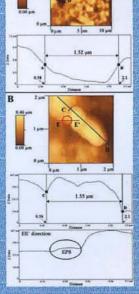
X-ray diffraction spectra of the Aleksinac oil shale HCI concentrate, substrates obtained in the experiment with solid to liquid ratio of 1.12. D/0 denotes the inoculated substrate at "zero-time". D/4 after the 4th week. Dc/0 denotes the substrate in control test at "zero-time". Dc/4 after the 4th week. Py-pyrife, Q-quartz, II-lilite, PI-plagioclase.





AFM images of At ferroxidans B cells attached to oil shale cuttings after 48 h of incubation. Vertical deflection images of AFM scans acquired by contact mode in air. Panel (A) shows an oil shale layer with cells attached to surface defects, and panel (B) represents a close-up view of one cutting, framed on panel (A). The cells are seen as convex ellipsoid shapes, such as the ones indicated by arrows in the topography image in panel (B).

AFM analysis of the oil shale surface after five days of incubation with At ferrooxidans A. Panel (A) shows a topographic AFM image of the oil shale with one of the pits measured (cross section AB). Panel (B) shows a topographic AFM image of a single At ferroxidans A cell with the cell with measurement (cross section CD). In addition, AFM analysis demonstrates the existence of EPS surrounding the cell (cross section EE).



CONCLUSION

Benefits of the bacterial depyritization are primarily in order to reduce aero pollution and corrosivity, and also this green process must be low cost green bio/technology for biobeneficiation of oil shale.

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- J.S. Milić, V.P. Beškoski, D.V. Randjelović, J. Stojanović, M.M. Vrvić, Visualisation of the interaction between Acidithiobacillus ferrooxidans and oil shale by atomic force microscopy, J. Min. Metall. Sect. B-Metall. 48 (2012), DOI: 10.2298/JMMB110923016M.